





Case Studies - I	Ó
Problems Faced:	
1. Absence of Interest for computerization.	
2. Fear of Job decrease.	
3. Language problem faced by staff.	
Project support & favorable Approach:	
 UMC Commissioner & SE were interested to Implement e-Gov act for the betterment of the UMC. 	ivities
2. Public awareness Surveys conducted and citizen's views analysed. positive approach was gauged.	A
 Under JNNURM & DFID project as per NeGP Mission, a deman implementation of e-Governance in Municipalities. 	nd for
Works Department, Govt. of Odisha	

E-Governance Implementation 1. Improve the property tax collection by Implementing GIS and linking with accounting software. 2. Computerization of water tax collection and billing system. 3. Development of Municipal Website for direct semination of Information. 4. Installation of IT Infrastructure. 5. Capacity building of UMC. 6. Trainings in IT and Infrastructure Use. 7. Implementation of Biometric Attendance System. 8. Development of Citizen Service centre for public to deposit tax and have information regarding UMC activities along with grievance cell. 9. Implementation of Double Entry Accounting System in the Municipal Accounting and linkage with CeSC. 10. Implementation of GPS based Public Transport System under JNNURM. 11. Implementation of Computerized building permission system. Works Department, Govt. of Odisha





Case Studies -II	
Problems Faced:	
1. A number of potential risks associated that need to be carefully monit addressed.	ored and
2. Excessive expectations;	
3. Resistance to institutional changes;	
4. Lack of political will to implement measures;	
5. Political interference; and	
6. Delays in releasing Project funds.	
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Case Studies -II	
Goals to be Achieved6. To develop computerized project monitoring and financial accounting	
systems within a to be established "Agency for Road Development" (ARD).	
 To have an appropriate prioritization framework to balance the resources between economically viable projects and economically unviable but socially justified; 	у
8. To establish a dedicated road maintenance funding mechanism;	
9. To establish and implement sustainable strategies for the state road network and transport services in Chhattisgarh;	
10. To have a clearer institutional framework for the development of the road sector – clearly describing the role of PWD, infrastructure development agencies, and the private sector.	
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e-Governance best practices
Definition:
 Use of Information and Communication Technologies (ICTs)
by government agencies for the following reasons:
 Exchange of information with citizens, businesses or other government departments
 Speedier and more efficient delivery of public services
 Improving internal efficiency
 Reducing costs or increasing revenue
 Re-structuring of administrative processes
 ICT offers an opportunity for improvement in public service delivery
 Most administrative best practices build upon the process redesign and convergence that ICT facilitates.
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e-Governance best practices

- ICT leads to a transformation in work processes and service delivery, lowers transaction cost with improvement in transparency and accountability.
- It enables transformational change rather than merely technical change.
- e- Governance information systems should not mean electronic reproduction of existing institutional patterns and relations.
- Enable integration of Government processes and communication with access enabled across space and time on an on-line real time basis, with status tracking.
- Help provide minimal public interface for time bound delivery of services, reduction in delay and corruption, improved transparency and help bridge the performance gap.



e-Governance best practices National e-Governance Plan (NeGP) aims at making all Government services accessible to the common man in his locality, through common service delivery outlets The MCA 21 project's objectives are simplifying forms, making forms e-centric, promoting online transactions, and reaching out to stakeholders The Passport Seva Project is intended to transform the delivery of all passport related services across the country, with accent on process efficiency, citizen focus, employee productivity and system transparency Other examples of best practices are the Passenger Reservation System (PRS) and the Freight Operation Information System (FOIS) of the Indian Railways CSM Works Department, Govt. of Odisha



e-Governance best practices - Odisha		
e-District :	Running in Gopalpur RI Circle delivering 5 services	
e-Municipality	• Pilot in 44 ULBs	
e-Procurement	Running since 2008 for almost all departments	
VATIS	High efficient in VAT Monitoring	
iOTMS	• Running in 30 Treasuries, 125 Sub treasuries and 6 Special Treasuries	
VAHAN & SARATHI	Odisha is the first state to rollout these projects	
SAMS	• e-Admission in all colleges n the state	
i3MS	• End-to-end Solution for Department of Steel & Mines	
OSWAS	Implemented in 10 Department of Secretariate	
e-Shishu	Covers all schools in the state and now RTE Compliant	



Legal Framework for e-Governance



CSM

- The Information Technology Act, 2000 was enacted to "... provide <u>legal recognition for transactions</u> carried out by means of electronic data interchange and other means of electronic communication, commonly referred to as "electronic commerce"
- This involve the use of alternatives to paper-based methods of communication and storage of information, to facilitate electronic filing of documents with the Government agencies.
- This is supported by IPC, the Indian Evidence Act, 1872, the Bankers' Books Evidence Act, 1891 and the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934
- Thus with the enactment of this Act, Internet transactions will now be recognized, on-line contracts will be enforceable and e-mails will be legally acknowledged.

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Project Background	6
 Name of the Project : i3MS Name of the Customer : Dept. of Steel Mode of Project : Turnkey Stakeholders: 	& Mines, Govt. of ODISHA
 Ministry of Mines 	Orissa State Pollution Control Board
 Indian Bureau of Mines 	 Mining Circle Authorities (DDM/MO)
 Ministry of Forest & Env. 	 District Administration
 Directorate of Explosive 	 Mine Owners (Mineral Producers)
 Dept. of Steel & Mines, ODISHA 	 Licensee in Mineral Trading
 Directorate of Mines, ODISHA 	 Indian Railway Authorities
 Directorate of Geology, ODISHA 	State Transport Authority
Works Department, Govt. of Odisha	technologies













Milestone	
 Infrastructure Development of State PMU 	
Unique Codification of Lessee/Licensee & Creation of MIS Database	
 Infrastructure Development of 14-Mining Circles & Manpower 	
Deployment	
• Validation of MIS Database with Govt. Record	
 Integration with SSL & Digital Signature 	
 Online Payment Through Cyber Treasury 	
 Pilot Testing of i3MS BETA Version with 4-Mines 	
Pilot Testing of RFID Card as alternative solution	
Works Department, Govt. of Odisha	~ ~

